

Our records indicate that...

Table 1 - Number of Vietnamese nationals with a positive Conclusive Grounds (CG) decision who subsequently applied for Asylum between 01 January 2018 and 31 December 2018, by Asylum application outcome

Asylum rejected	1
Asylum granted	0
Other (granted another form of leave)	1
Asylum claim awaiting outcome	4
Asylum claim withdrawn	1
Total	7

Notes

- 1 These statistics have been taken from a live operational database. As such, numbers may change as information on that system is updated.**
- 2** PVoT data extracted on 13/03/2019 and asylum data extracted on 09/01/2019
- 3** Data shown gives main Asylum applicants who applied between 01/01/2018 and 31/12/2018 where the nationality is listed as Vietnam.
- 4** Data shown only gives Asylum outcomes between 01/01/2018 and 31/12/2018.
- 5** Where there are multiple asylum claims or outcomes in the period, only the earliest instance has been used.
- 6** The above data shows individuals who applied for Asylum on or after the outcome date of the positive CG decision
- 7** Where there are multiple positive Conclusive Grounds outcomes the earliest instance has been used
- 8** The National Referral Mechanism (NRM) is the process by which people who may have been victims of modern slavery are identified, referred, assessed and supported in the United Kingdom. ("Modern slavery" is a term that covers slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour and human trafficking.) The initial referral goes through a two stage process: a reasonable grounds stage (where it is considered that the person is a potential victim of trafficking/slavery) and then, for those with a positive reasonable grounds outcome, a conclusive grounds stage (where a definitive decision is made as to whether the person is considered to be a victim of trafficking/slavery).