1. i) The number of individuals employed by the university who receive total remuneration* of £140,000 pa or more.

53

Note: this includes members of staff employed on Clinical Academic contracts who receive additional pay linked to NHS work.

ii) The number of these individuals who are women.

7

2. The total remuneration* of the highest paid employee.

The total earnings of our highest paid employee (our Vice chancellor) was £239,839 (Total Earnings is the sum total of all gross payments made during the year; includes all contractual pay, plus non-contractual and one-off payments made during the year. This figure uses the reference salary before the application of salary sacrifice arrangements)

Further details of the Vice-Chancellor's remuneration are available from our Annual Report, available at http://www.ncl.ac.uk/foi/documents/FinancialStatements2012-13.pdf

3. i) The number of individuals directly employed by the university who are paid less than the Living Wage of £7.65 per hour [or £8.80 per hour within Greater London].

455

ii) The number of these individuals (paid less than Living Wage) who are women.

286

iii) If available, the number of individuals employed by outside contractors to provide services at your university who are paid less than the Living Wage of £7.65 per hour [or £8.80 per hour within Greater London].

Not available.

iv) Whether your university has a policy to require on-site staff working for external contractors to be paid Living Wage rates as a minimum.

We do not have such a policy.

4. i) The number of employees paid at exactly the National Minimum Wage, including those employed by outside contractors to work at your university.

Employees: 0

Employed by contractors: Not Available

ii) The number of these individuals (paid at exactly National Minimum Wage) who are women.

Employees: 0

Employed by contractors; Not Available.

5. i) The number of apprentices employed by your university.

11

ii) The lowest remuneration* received by apprentices employed by your university.

£10,696 pa

6. The ratio between the total remuneration* of the highest-paid employee and the total remuneration* of the lowest-paid employee.

Using our 'total earnings' definition, the ratio of highest to lowest salary is 17.8:1

7. The ratio between the total remuneration* of the highest-paid employee and the total remuneration* of the median-paid employee.

6.6:1