

Information Rights
bbc.co.uk/foi bbc.co.uk/privacy

Owain Dyfrig request-589685-05068227@whatdotheyknow.com

23 July 2019

Dear Owain Dyfrig,

Freedom of Information request - RFI20191203

Thank you for your request to the BBC of 16 July 2019 seeking the following information under the Freedom of Information Act 2000:

"Is sports broadcasting (in particular, event broadcasting and supplementary commentary) considered as "journalism, art or literature" by the BBC? If so, can you please publish the guidelines you use in order to define sports broadcasting as such, and whether sports broadcasting is indeed journalism, art or literature per BBC guidelines?"

The BBC considers its sports broadcasting, as with all other broadcasting it produces, to be covered by the derogation concerning 'journalism, art or literature'. As all broadcasting is considered to be covered by the derogation, sport broadcasting does not require separate guidelines to be defined as such.

We have provided more information concerning the BBC's derogation in response to your request RFI20191077.

Appeal Rights

If you are not satisfied that we have complied with the Act in responding to your request, you have the right to an internal review by a BBC senior manager or legal adviser. Please contact us at the address above, explaining what you would like us to review and including your reference number. If you are not satisfied with the internal review, you can appeal to the Information Commissioner. The contact details are: Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF, Tel: 0303 123 1113 (local rate) or +44 1625 545 700 (national rate) or see http://www.ico.org.uk/

Yours sincerely,

Information Rights

BBC Freedom of Information BC2 A4, Broadcast Centre 201 Wood Lane London W12 7TP



Freedom of Information

From January 2005 the Freedom of Information (FOI) Act 2000 gives a general right of access to all types of recorded information held by public authorities. The Act also sets out exemptions from that right and places a number of obligations on public authorities. The term "public authority" is defined in the Act; it includes all public bodies and government departments in the UK. The BBC, Channel 4, S4C and MG Alba are the only broadcasting organisations covered by the Act.

Application to the BBC

The BBC has a long tradition of making information available and accessible. It seeks to be open and accountable and already provides the public with a great deal of information about its activities. BBC Audience Services operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week handling telephone and written comments and queries, and the BBC's website bbc.co.uk provides an extensive online information resource.

It is important to bear this in mind when considering the Freedom of Information Act and how it applies to the BBC. The Act does not apply to the BBC in the way it does to most public authorities in one significant respect. It recognises the different position of the BBC (as well as Channel 4 and S4C) by saying that it covers information "held for purposes other than those of journalism, art or literature". This means the Act does not apply to information held for the purposes of creating the BBC's output (TV, radio, online etc), or information that supports and is closely associated with these creative activities.

A great deal of information within this category is currently available from the BBC and will continue to be so. If this is the type of information you are looking for, you can check whether it is available on the BBC's website bbc.co.uk or contact BBC Audience Services.

The Act does apply to all of the other information we hold about the management and running of the BBC.

The BBC's aim is to enrich people's lives with great programmes and services that inform, educate and entertain. It broadcasts radio and television programmes on analogue and digital services in the UK. It delivers interactive services across the web, television and mobile devices. The BBC's online service is one of Europe's most widely visited content sites. Around the world, international multimedia broadcaster BBC World Service delivers a wide range of language and regional services on radio, TV, online and via wireless handheld devices, together with BBC World News, the commercially-funded international news and information television channel.

The BBC's remit as a public service broadcaster is defined in the BBC Charter and Agreement. It is the responsibility of the Ofcom (the BBC's independent regulator) to ensure that the organisation delivers against this remit by setting key objectives, approving strategy and policy, and monitoring and assessing performance. Ofcom also safeguard the BBC's independence and ensure the Corporation is accountable to its audiences and to Parliament.