BIRKBECK COLLEGE (University of London)

BSc EXAMINATION

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences

FORENSIC GEOLOGY

EASC074H5

15 credits

Wednesday 20 May 2015

10.00 - 13.00

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer THREE questions.

ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

- 1. Define the term 'forensic geoscience'. Give a brief history of the development of forensic geoscience, citing in your answer at least two examples of famous cases in which forensic geoscience methods have been applied.
- 2. Describe the X-ray diffraction (XRD), petrographic microscope and heavy mineral separation techniques for examining rock and mineral samples from crime scenes. Describe a case where the study of rocks and / or minerals has been used to support forensic investigations.
- 3. Explain how sediment samples are collected and examined by forensic geologists as evidence in crime scenes, and how sediment evidence is reported.
- 4. Describe the main morphological features and living environments of diatoms. Describe a case where the study of diatoms has been used to support forensic investigations.
- 5. Describe four types of crime that paint can be associated with. Describe a case where the study of paint has been used to support forensic investigations.
- 6. Explain how seismic and magnetic surveys are used in forensic investigations.