## **Title: Summary Consultation Responses**

# 1) Confidentiality and Information Sharing and Parents and Carers

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	Permission
	Confidentiality
	<ul> <li>Talk without giving names/shared professional confidentiality</li> </ul>
	No knowing what confidentiality means
	Parents frustrated by lack of communication
	Difficult for teachers depending on their personal judgement of the
	severity of the situation
Youth response	We couldn't see anything that would make this difficult, unless a
	teacher forgets to keep it a secret, but that is an accident and is not
	supposed to happen.
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
A dealth are an area	them from happening?
Adult response	Education on confidentiality
	Better communication – keep child informed
	Circumstantial rules
V. d	Educate parents
Youth response	If schools slip up then it could create family problems
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	Private information becoming public
	Bullying     Control of the second seco
	Risks to friendship
	Social media     Social media
	BIG IMPLICATIONS
	Forced to come out
	Negative reaction from parents
	Depression/suicide
I	Loss of trust – Damaged relationships
Youth response	Bullying
	Discrimination
	Isolation

## 2) Uniform and dress

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	Lack of understanding/ignorance
	Not a safe space
	Bullying/Name-calling
	<ul> <li>Parents/school as a community/staff/peoples own beliefs, background</li> </ul>
	Rights/human rights/equality act
	Clear gender distinctions between PE uniforms

	All girls schools/all boys schools with people who identify as trans may
	have difficulty
	Hard for MTF people as skirts are very typically 'female'
	Parents may not like it
	Strict gendered uniforms
	Negative reaction from other pupils – bullying
	Universal PE kits as it's part of a uniform
Youth response	• If there is school uniform policy, then they should follow it. But, as long as it is within the school uniform list, then any gender should be allowed to wear whatever, whether it would be girls wearing trousers or boys wearing skirts, and the school should allow that. People may get bullied if they suddenly start wearing the other gender's traditional
	uniform. (Also question 2&3 answered there).
	Bullying if you wear a certain uniform
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
A 1 1	them from happening?
Adult response	Education
	Police intervention
	Not have such big differences in uniforms/gender neutral uniform
	Gender neutral letters and uniform leaflets – no special rules
	Stricter bullying rules for homophobia = harsher consequences
	More accepting rules for trans students in gendered schools
	Better education for younger students = primary schools
	Social media promotion – increase awareness
	Specific one day/week a year to LGBT education – rather than taking
	them out of lessons
Youth response	Have a neutral uniform, or choice of items (skirt/trousers etc) that isn't
	specifically gendered.
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	Bullying
	Misgendering (deliberately)
	• Lacking colt contidence/colt ecteem
	Lacking self-confidence/self esteem
I .	Bullying
	<ul><li>Bullying</li><li>Depression</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Bullying</li><li>Depression</li><li>Assault</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Assault</li> <li>Gender dysphoria</li> </ul>
Youth response	<ul> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Assault</li> <li>Gender dysphoria</li> <li>Bullying</li> </ul>
Youth response	<ul> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Assault</li> <li>Gender dysphoria</li> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Consequences of breaking school policy</li> </ul>
Youth response	<ul> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Assault</li> <li>Gender dysphoria</li> <li>Bullying</li> </ul>

# 3) <u>Toilets</u>

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	Other people who use the toilet
	Feeling uncomfortable
	Negative reaction
	'Peeping toms'

	Transgender means gay
	<ul> <li>Pretending to be transgender to go into the toilet</li> </ul>
	Irrational fears
	Immaturity/education/tolerance
	Students feeling uncomfortable
	People taking advantage
	Parents disagree
	<ul> <li>Singles people out who don't pass as their preferred gender.</li> </ul>
Youth response	Uncomfortable in the right gender toilets
	Highlighting it using 'special' toilet
	It should be a choice not a necessary thing. But, some people may feel
	uncomfortable with eg. A biological girl goes into a boy's toilet. We are
	concerned for people who go into the opposite genders bathroom, if
	they get harassed for using that toilet. If someone is transgender, they
	might feel ashamed and uncomfortable using a disabled toilet as
	people may question why they are using that particular bathroom. We
	think there should be one person gender neutral bathrooms for
	transgenders. (Q1,2 and 3)
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
	them from happening?
Adult response	Gender neutral
	Use staff toilets
	Depends on each young person
	Have male/female/neutral toilets, gives people the choice
	<ul> <li>'Open-plan' toilets, cubicles then open space = cubicles more private</li> </ul>
	so no gaps that people can look through but open space for sinks etc.
	Educate <u>parents</u>
V - 11	
Youth response	Open toilets = less bullying, smoking, truancy
Q3	<ul> <li>Open toilets = less bullying, smoking, truancy</li> <li>What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?</li> </ul>
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Q3	<ul> <li>What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?</li> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Assault</li> </ul>
Q3	<ul> <li>What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?</li> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Assault</li> <li>Singled out</li> </ul>

# 4) Changing Facilities

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	Make people feel uncomfortable
	Religious belief
	Parents disagree
Youth response	<ul> <li>We think you should stick to your biological genders changing room, unless you have had surgery. The law says that when someone says they are a girl, but they are biologically a boy, they should get changed with the boys. We wouldn't want anyone to feel uncomfortable and be harassed. So maybe gender neutral changing rooms too? It would take time and money to do, but it would make some happier in the long</li> </ul>

	run. Many teens would not be comfortable with trans people getting changed by them, so gender neutral changing would be great.
	Other arrangements would be better
	No in gendered places
	Private changing cubicles
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
	them from happening?
Adult response	Give people the choice
	Be aware of what's going on with students in changing rooms
	Circumstantial rules
	Equality for both majority and minority
	Open discussions
Youth response	<ul> <li>Consult the young person about what they want</li> </ul>
	Money??
	Extra time to change/different time to change
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	Gender dysphoria
	Lack of sense of belonging
Youth response	•

# 5) PE and Fitness

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	<ul> <li>Spoke about restrictions on gender playing different sports in PE</li> <li>Lack of choices</li> <li>Changing rooms</li> <li>Personal barriers can be breaches</li> <li>No privacy</li> <li>Concerns raised by other pupils</li> <li>People feeling uncomfortable</li> <li>Singled out</li> <li>Noticeably different</li> </ul>
Youth response	<ul> <li>Some boys like football and some boys like netball, so that is ok.         Transgender people should be allowed to play whatever they want, and most schools do support that. We think the option should be open, and that is not difficult thing to do.         (Q1,2 &amp;3)     </li> <li>Yes!</li> <li>Non gendered choices</li> </ul>
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
	them from happening?
Adult response	<ul> <li>Cubicle changing rooms</li> <li>Make PE uniform gender neutral</li> <li>Not have gendered sports, let people choose any sport regardless of gender orientation</li> <li>Mixed gender lessons</li> <li>Teachers teaching – non-gender typical sports</li> </ul>

Youth response	Uncomfortable about doing PE with opposite gender.
	<ul> <li>Choosing teams according to ability (rugby place etc)</li> </ul>
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	Dysphoria
	Depression
	Bullying
	<ul> <li>Not offered same opportunity - lack of people reaching potential</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Don't like sport for life as a result</li> </ul>
Youth response	•

## 6) Residential Trips

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	Boarding schools
	<ul> <li>Treat it as 'mess time' – misbehaving</li> </ul>
	Different body parts
	Parents uncomfortable
	Makes people uncomfortable
	Religious belief
	Parents disagree
Youth response	<ul> <li>It is difficult because of "canoodling" and it should be an option for trans people. It should be gender division and transgender people could talk to teachers if they want to go to another room. We think it should be a "free for all"</li> <li>Rooms with friends – people you are comfy with</li> </ul>
	Parents?
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop
Adult response	them from happening?
Addit response	<ul><li>Is the individual comfortable? Where do they want to sleep?</li><li>Asking their opinion</li></ul>
	Negotiating an outcome
	Have the option available
	Circumstantial rules
	Open discussions
Youth response	Supervision @ night time
	Single rooms
	Open dormitory
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	Exclusion from trip
	Bullying
	People forced into situations that may be dangerous
	• Assault
	Dysphoria
Youth response	•

## 7) Names and Pronouns

Q1	What might make this difficult for young people and for schools?
Adult response	<ul> <li>Lack of understanding</li> <li>People would need time to process</li> <li>Misgendering</li> <li>Fear of getting name wrong</li> <li>Parent – uneducated</li> <li>Lack of understanding</li> <li>Causes confusion</li> <li>Draws attention to people</li> <li>Hard for others to adapt</li> </ul>
Youth response	<ul> <li>Only if they ask. Some want "they" or "them" it could cause problems, like filling in forms or letters. We think that they should be called by what they prefer or like best, like someone called "Rebecca" might want to be called "Becky".</li> <li>Letters home to parents/carers with preferred name if parents are not aware of trans status</li> </ul>
Q2	How could we solve any problems that might come up? Or even better, stop them from happening?
Adult response	<ul> <li>Education</li> <li>Kids are easily able to adapt to change</li> <li>It's the law</li> <li>Open discussion</li> <li>Trans people being patient with people learning to use correct pronouns BUT don't take the mick</li> </ul>
Youth response	•
Q3	What are the risks to young people if these problems aren't solved?
Adult response	<ul> <li>Dysphoria</li> <li>Bullying</li> <li>Depression</li> </ul>
Youth response	Bullying